

Annex D - Landscape Character Sensitivity

January 2023



The sensitivity of the Plateau Moor and Forest LCT is assessed in detail below. Landscape sensitivity is not absolute and can only be defined in relation to each development and its location taking account of susceptibility as described in the methodology. To understand the sensitivity of a particular landscape and its location it is good practice to consider a range of criteria as set out in the table below.

The table below highlights the inherent sensitivities of this landscape to the development proposed, with reference to relevant characteristics as described within NatureScot's 2019 National Landscape Character Assessment. Extracts from this document are included in italics.

Table D.1 Sensitivity of the Plateau Moor and Forest LCT

Factors affecting the sensitivity	Lower Sensitivity	Higher Sensitivity	Characteristics of local landscape at the Site	Sensitivity Rating		
Physical						
Scale	Large scale featureless landscapes	Small to medium scale landscapes with some scaling features	The landscape is an upland plateau with 'winding narrow glens and wider glens', hence of moderate scale overall.	Medium		
Openness	Enclosed and sheltered landscapes	Open and exposed landscapes	The rolling landform and parcels of forestry limit the sense of openness in some areas.	Medium		
Landform	Smooth regular flowing, flat or uniform landscapes	Dramatic, rugged and complex landscapes	'Upland plateau with rounded ridges, craggy outcrops and an irregular slope profile'.	High		
Land cover	Extensive areas of simple regular land cover (including farming and forestry)	Complex, intimate or mosaic cover	'Large-scale mosaic of open moorland and forestry'	Medium		
Complexity and patterns	Simple and sweeping lines, linear features and patterns	Complex or irregular patterns	As described above, the locality comprises expansive areas of commercial plantation and open moorland with 'no field boundaries'.	Medium		
Built Environment	Contemporary masts, pylons, industrial elements, buildings infrastructure, settlements	Established, traditional or historic built character	'Very few buildings; occasional isolated dwellings on edges of moor'. There are several existing elements of electricity infrastructure in the locality, including the existing Crossaig Substation and associated overhead lines.	Medium-Low		
Overall physical sensitivity						

Factors affecting the sensitivity	Lower Sensitivity	Higher Sensitivity	Characteristics of local landscape at the Site	Sensitivity Rating		
Perceptual						
Wildness / Sense of Remoteness	Busy evidence of human activity	Remote, peaceful or sense and tranquillity, solitude and emptiness	Generally peaceful landscape with a sense of tranquillity, albeit commercial forestry limits sense of wildness. The local landscape incorporates existing elements of electricity infrastructure that signify this is a landscape influence by human activity.	Medium		
Perception of Change	Dynamic or modern landscapes	Ancient landscapes, designed landscapes or with obvious historical continuity	As above, built form in the Proposed Development Site locality incorporates existing contemporary elements in the form of substation and overhead power lines. The wider surrounding landscape is more traditional in character.	Medium		
Overall Perceptual Sensitivity						
Visual						
Landscapes that form settings, skylines, backdrops, focal points	Generally low lying landscapes without distinctive landform or horizon	Areas with strong features, focal points that define the setting or skyline	The upland nature of the landscape means that it contributes to the horizon from lower-lying coastal areas.	High-Medium		
Views intervisibility	Visually contained and have limited inward or outward views	Extensive views within or of the area with distant horizons.	The rolling landform in combination with plantation forestry and woodland results in limited intervisibility, which is reflected in the ZTV.	Low		
Overall Visual Sensitivity						
Value						
Rarity	Commonplace	Rare	The LCT encompasses a notable geographic area, and occurs in four geographic locations in Argyll and Bute.	Medium		

Factors affecting the sensitivity	Lower Sensitivity	Higher Sensitivity	Characteristics of local landscape at the Site	Sensitivity Rating
Designated scenic quality	No specific designation	National or regional designation	There are no landscape designations across parts of the LCT within the Study Area.	Medium-Low
Cultural associations	No specific cultural associations	Strong cultural association	Some cultural / historical associations are evident including remains of Duns and shielings in wider surrounding areas.	Medium
Amenity and recreation	Limited amenity function	Well used for amenity/recreation, especially for National trails or other long distance routes	Limited amenity function. The LCT incorporates parts of the Core Path network and on-road cycle route, which both follow the route of the B842. The Kintyre Way also traverses the LCT, albeit not in the vicinity of the Proposed Development Site.	Medium
Overall Value				
Overall Sensitivity of the Plateau Moor and Forest LCT				